Groundwater Monitoring Challenges in Malawi: Pathways to Sustainable Solutions

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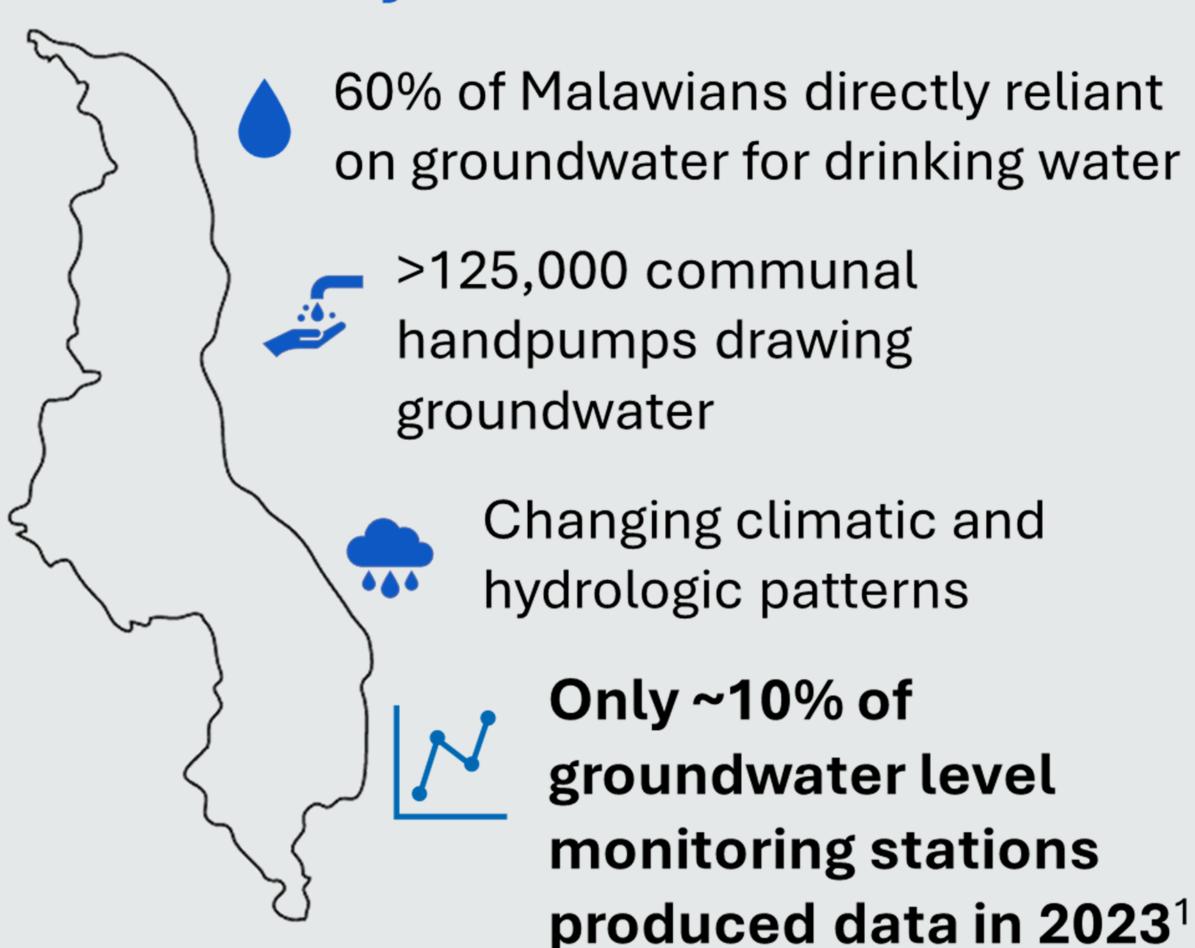


Hydro Nation Scholars Programme

1. Research Background

- **Groundwater** is the largest accessible source of freshwater on Earth.
- Routine, long-term **monitoring** provides essential **data** for policymakers and practitioners.
- Lack of data limits effective decision making and increases risk to water security.

Country Focus: Malawi



2. Research questions

- 1. What are the **key challenges** hindering the sustainable and effective monitoring of groundwater levels in Malawi?
- 2. What **contextual factors** influence the routine collection of groundwater level data?
- 3. How can **participatory and community-inclusive approaches** enhance the operation of the groundwater
 monitoring network in Malawi?

3. Methodology

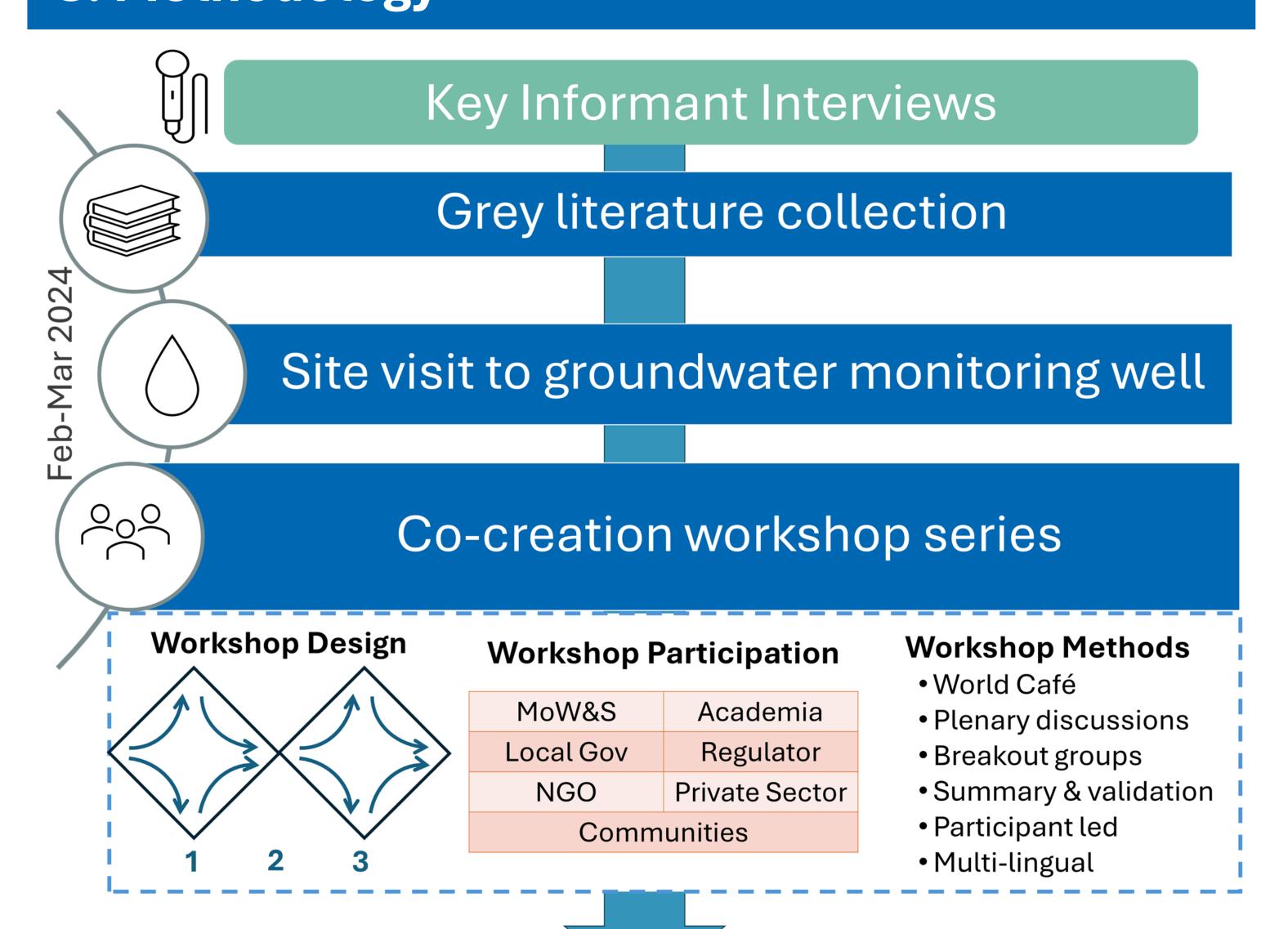






Figure 1: Photographs from three co-design workshops held in Malawi between February-March 2024, participants in breakout groups.

4. Results

- Chronic challenges with groundwater-level monitoring network since its inception in 2009.
- Complex institutional arrangements, gaps in the existing governance and oversight gaps in coordination.
- Lack of political and funding support for long-term monitoring programmes has undermined sustainability
 Financial, skill and time/capacity gaps result.
- Poor engagement with communities has led to widespread miscommunication and conflict.
- Communities are key partners, currently under included.

5. Conclusions & Recommendations

Political level



• Advocacy work required to secure long-term support for groundwater monitoring – e.g. reestablish a national Groundwater Forum.

Government dept/agency level



- Clarification of institutional roles, with associated funding support. Review policy to ensure coherence across government dept/agencies.
- Review & Update Standard Operating
 Procedures (SOPs) for groundwater monitoring.

Programme level



 Engagement with local communities is critical to management of monitoring network. Develop deliberate engagement plans and standards.
 Seek and utilise co-benefit opportunities between gov-community

6. Next Research Steps



- Regional pilot project implementing citizen science informed methodologies for groundwater monitoring in Malawi
- Engage with policy makers to share research outcomes and advocate for policy reviews.



References: Government of Malawi, Department of Water Resources., BASEflow Malawi., BAWI Consultants. (2022). Report on the assessment of groundwater monitoring wells in Malawi. Lilongwe. Research Ethics: Ethical approval was granted by the University of Strathclyde Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering's departmental ethics committee and Malawi's National Committee on Social Science & Humanities, NCST, Ref No: NCST/RTT/2/6.